

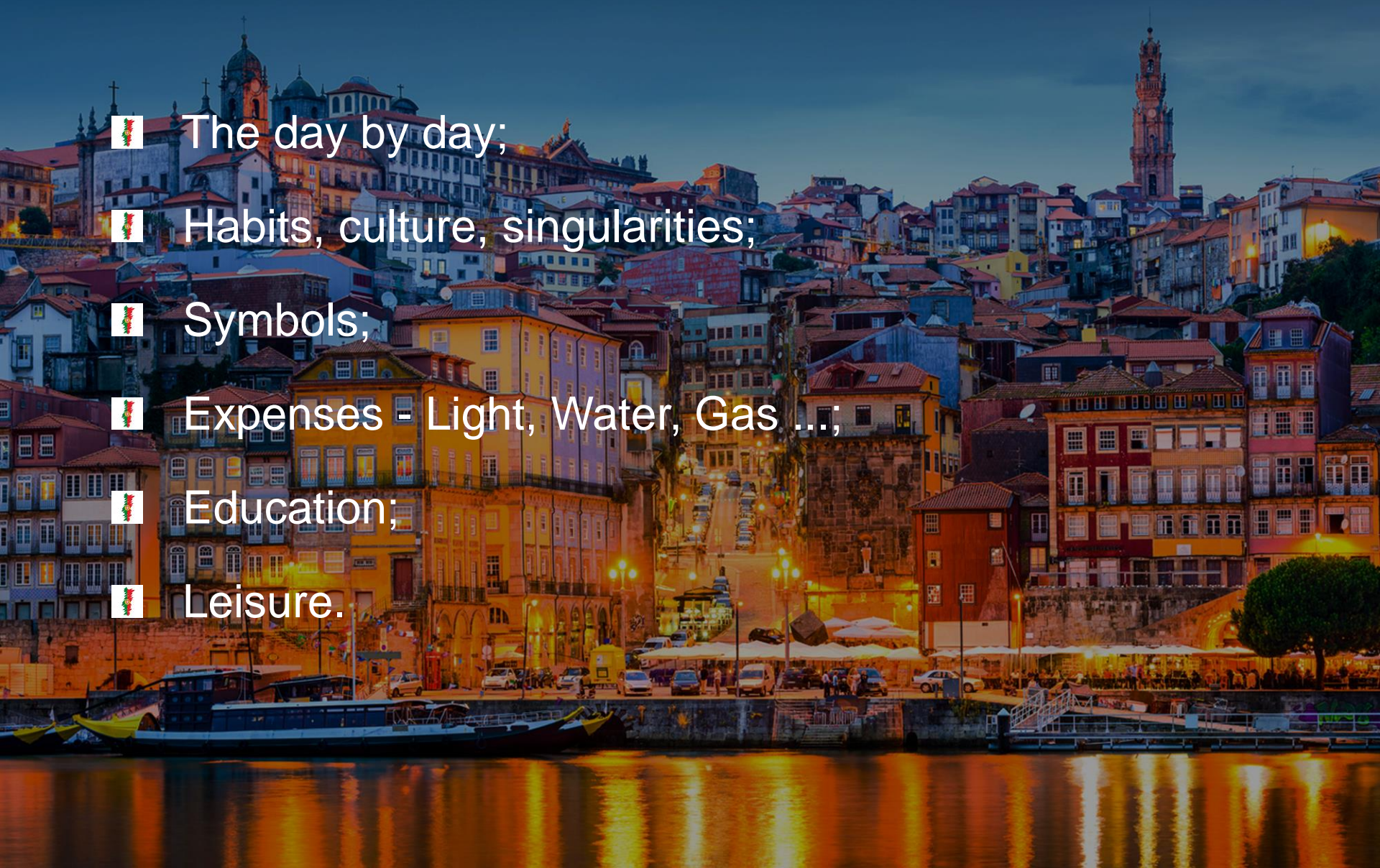
LIVING IN PORTUGAL



Mário Rebelo, Feb. 2017

Agenda

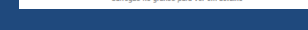
- 🇮🇹 The day by day;
- 🇮🇹 Habits, culture, singularities;
- 🇮🇹 Symbols;
- 🇮🇹 Expenses - Light, Water, Gas ...;
- 🇮🇹 Education;
- 🇮🇹 Leisure.



The day by day - Habits, culture, singularities

- 🇵🇹 Family, Friends, Work;
- 🇵🇹 Weather;
- 🇵🇹 Transports;
- 🇵🇹 Accommodation / Housing;
- 🇵🇹 Football and Fado;
- 🇵🇹 Social and Cultural Curiosity;
- 🇵🇹 Security;





Weather

Continental Portugal

The climate in Portugal varies significantly from region to region, and is influenced by the relief, latitude and proximity of the sea, which provides mild winters, especially in the Algarve.

In the areas of Porto and Norte de Portugal and Beiras, especially in the areas closest to Spain, the winters are colder, although temperatures are moderate when compared to the rest of Europe. There is some snowfall, which is more frequent in Serra da Estrela, where the highest point of mainland Portugal (1991m) is situated and conditions for skiing can be found.

The summers are warm and dry mainly in the interior regions (Northeast of the Transmontano and Alentejo), and on the coast the heat is moderated by the maritime influence.

During the autumn there are often sunny days with mild temperatures which, when they occur in early November, are popularly known as the "Summer of Saint Martin", due to the proximity of the date of this Saint (11/11)

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Weather

Continental Portugal

Quadro de temperaturas médias:

(temperaturas médias - 1961 / 90 - em °C e °F)

Local		Jan./Mar		Abr./Jun.		Jul./Set.		Out./Dez.	
		Ar	Mar	Ar	Mar	Ar	Mar	Ar	Mar
Porto (Porto e Norte)	°C	10,3	12,9 *	15,4	14,4 *	19,6	15,9 *	12,8	15,0 *
	°F	50,5	55,2 *	59,7	57,9 *	67,3	60,6 *	55,0	59,0 *
Coimbra (Beiras)	°C	11,2	13,3 **	16,7	15,0 **	21,5	16,8 **	13,6	15,3 **
	°F	52,1	55,9 **	62,0	59,0 **	70,7	62,2 **	56,5	59,5 **
Guarda (Beiras)	°C	5,0	-	11,7	-	18,2	-	7,7	-
	°F	41,0	-	53,1	-	64,8	-	45,9	-
Monte Estoril (Lisboa)	°C	17,1	14,9	21,8	17,5	26,3	19,5	17,2	16,1
	°F	62,8	58,8	71,2	63,5	79,3	67,1	63,0	60,0
Évora (Alentejo)	°C	10,5	14,3 ***	16,6	15,1 ***	28,4	16,9 ***	13,3	16,0 ***
	°F	50,9	57,7 ***	61,9	59,2 ***	83,1	62,4 ***	55,9	60,8 ***
Vilamoura (Algarve)	°C	17,0	15,9	22,4	19,4	27,3	22,6	17,7	17,0
	°F	62,6	60,6	72,3	66,9	81,1	72,7	63,9	62,6
Santa Maria (Açores)	°C	17,0	17,2	19,7	18,8	23,9	22,2	19,4	20,5
	°F	62,6	63,0	65,8	65,8	75,0	72,0	66,9	68,9
Funchal (Madeira)	°C	19,4	18,7	21,8	20,0	24,9	22,7	21,3	21,4
	°F	66,9	65,7	71,2	68,0	76,8	72,9	70,3	70,5

Transports

Air transport

The privileged geographic situation of Portugal makes it a stopover point for many foreign airlines in the airports spread throughout the national territory and located in:

Lisbon – General Humberto Deldado Airport - Tel: 218 413 500

Porto - Dr. Francisco Sá Carneiro Airport - Tel: 229 432 400

Faro - Faro Airport - Tel. 289 800 800

Madeira - Funchal - Funchal Airport - Tel: 291 520 700

Açores - Ponta Delgada - João Paulo II Airport - Tel: 296 205 400

ANA - Aeroportos de Portugal, SA regulates the operation of airports in Portugal, and provides information on departures and arrivals at www.ana.pt

The various Portuguese airlines make regular domestic and international connections.

TAP - Air Portugal (www.tap.pt) - the "flag" company regularly flies to more than 50 international destinations and provides domestic flights between Lisbon, Porto, Faro and the Autonomous Regions of Madeira and the Azores, as well as between Madeira Islands and Porto Santo.

PORTUGALIA (www.pga.pt) - maintains regular domestic flights and connections with several international destinations.

SATA (www.sata.pt) - regular flights between all the islands of the Azores, and the Azores to Madeira and mainland Portugal. SATA also operates regular flights to some international airports

ATA - Aerocondor Transportes Aéreos (www.aerocondor.com) - operates regular domestic flights and international charter flights

Transports

Rail transport

The CP - Portuguese Railways (www.cp.pt), offers a vast network of trains covering the entire Portuguese mainland, also ensuring international connections to Vigo, Madrid and Paris.

There are several options to match the needs of each:

- the top-of-the-range "Alfa pendular" trains are the fastest and most comfortable connection between Lisbon and the Algarve, and to the north of the country, with Porto, Braga or Guimarães stopping in Coimbra and Aveiro.
- The "Intercidades" service offers connections in the Lisbon-Porto-Braga, Lisbon-Guarda, Lisbon-Covilhã, Lisbon-Alentejo and Lisbon-Algarve axes.
- the Sud-Express and the Lusitania train-hotel ensure the international connection from Lisbon and Porto.
- a vast network of regional, interregional and suburban trains that ensure a wide coverage of the entire national territory.

Tourist tickets - are the ideal option for those who travel a lot by train. These are personal and non-transferable nominative tickets valid for an unlimited number of trips within a period of 7, 14 or 21 consecutive days and at any time of the year for any category and class of train.

Transports

Road transport

ROADS

Portugal has a good road network composed of Motorways (AE), Main Itineraries (IP), Complementary Itineraries (IC), National Roads (EN) and Municipal Roads.

All motorways are marked with their own symbol and equipped with toll booths, whose prices can be consulted at www.brisa.pt or at www.aeatlantico.pt

In case of a breakdown or accident on the motorway you can ask for help through Tel: 808 508 508

The tolls have a Via Verde - an innovative toll system that allows payment by bank debit, and is intended only for holders of a greenway identifier, previously purchased at Brisa.

BUSES

Regular bus services connect all cities, towns and main localities of Portugal.

For detailed information on routes, schedules and prices, please consult the National Express Network at www.rede-expressos.pt

Transports

SUBWAY

An important complement to traditional public transport, Metro runs in the cities of Lisbon and Oporto between 06.00 and 01.00.

Older, the Lisbon Metro (www.metrolisboa.pt) covers a vast area of the city, with a network that has been expanding in recent years. Both the first and most recent Stations have been decorated by tile panels of renowned Portuguese artists, making them true underground museums.

In Porto, the Metro (www.metro-porto.pt) is recent and there are five lines - blue, red, green, yellow and violet - in which a great part of the route is made to the surface.

TAXIS

Taxis are usually beige-ivory, although some black vehicles continue to circulate with green roofs, the traditional colors of taxis in Portugal.

The price is indicated on the meter, and the rates are posted inside the car or can be requested from the driver.

The call of a taxi over the phone implies the payment of a fee of 0.75 Euros, and the transportation of luggage in the luggage carrier, implies an additional amount of 1.50 Euros, regardless of the number of volumes and weight. The transportation of cribs, pushchairs and wheelchairs, or means of transport is free.

Outside the localities the taxi transportation is paid in the kilometer, the amount previously agreed between the driver and the passenger. The toll and return tolls, if any, are paid by the customer.

The tip is voluntary, with a usual value of around 5 to 10% or the rounding of the amount to be paid

Transports

Circulation

In Portugal traffic is on the right side. In squares, intersections and junctions, unless indicated otherwise, priority vehicles are shown on the right. At intersections with roundabouts, priority is given to vehicles that are already circulating in the interior.

Traffic signs comply with international standards.

Required documents:

- Personal identification document
- Driving title
- Certificate of insurance
- Title of registration of ownership of the vehicle or equivalent document
- Vehicle identification document (booklet) or equivalent documents

Fines, traffic ticket, must be paid on the spot.

Maximum speed limits for motor cars without trailers and motorcycles:

- 50 km / hour - within the localities
- 90 km / hour - in the normal ways
- 100 km / hour - on roads reserved for cars
- 120 km / hour - on motorways.

Alcohol content equal to or greater than 0.5 grams / liter, implies a driving ban.

The use of the seat belt is always mandatory.

The Road Code prohibits the use of mobile phones while driving vehicles unless loudspeakers or the headset are used.

More detailed information is available on the website of the General Directorate of Transport at www.dgv.pt.

Accommodation / Housing

Hospitality

The vast range of hotels available throughout the country provides accommodation, with or without meals and other ancillary services, and is classified as follows:

HOTELS - the choice is diversified, among a large number of units, which, given the location and quality of the facilities, is rated from 1 to 5 stars;

HOTELS APARTMENTS - classified from 2 to 5 stars, are the ideal option for those looking for more independence, while still enjoying all the services of a Hotel;

ESTALAGENS - classified in 4 or 5 stars, are cozy units that reflect the characteristics of the area in which they are inserted;

PENSIONS - are the cheapest option, and are classified in 3rd, 2nd and 1st category and the best as Inns;

MOTÉIS - classified in 2 or 3 stars, are located near roads, and integrate independent housing units with direct entrance from the outside and private parking;

BEDROOMS - Installed in monuments or places of great natural beauty, they are classified in 4 categories: Historical, Historical design, Nature and Charm;

TOURISM ALDEAMENTOS - Classified from 3 to 5 stars, they are located in delimited spaces, in which all services and support equipment are concentrated;

TOURIST APARTMENTS - Classified from 2 to 5 stars, are the ideal option for those who prefer to have complete autonomy;

Football and Fado

Fado, urban popular song of Portugal

Inscribed in 2011 (6.COM) on the Representative List of the Intangible Cultural Heritage of Humanity



Social and Cultural Curiosity

The culture of Portugal has its roots in Celtic, Phoenician, African, Iberian, Germanic and Roman cultures. The cultural differentiation of the Portuguese is manifested through the types of housing, religious manifestations, gastronomy, folklore, typical Portuguese sidewalks, tiles, dances, music, theaters, cinemas and so on.



Symbols



Barcelos's Rooster



Handkerchiefs and scarves



Traditional filigree earrings, crosses and necklace



Symbols



1001 ways to eat cod



Roasted Portuguese Sardine



Saint Anthony's - he is the patron of Lisbon



month of June
the Lisbon Festivities

popular Saints



Expenses - Light, Water, Gas ...

Rates Low Voltage Normal up to 20.7kVA

Transitional selling rate to final customers in BTN ($\leq 20.7\text{kVA}$)

Encargos de potência	kVA	EUR/mês	EUR/dia*
Simples	1,15	2,56	0,0842
	2,3	4,49	0,1477
Simples, bi-horária e tri-horária	3,45	4,92	0,1616
	4,6	6,39	0,2100
	5,75	7,85	0,2582
	6,9	9,32	0,3063
Simples, bi-horária e tri-horária	10,35	13,71	0,4508
	13,8	18,11	0,5953
	17,25	22,50	0,7397
	20,7	26,90	0,8842
*RRC art.119º, nº5			
		EUR/kWh*	
Preço da energia ativa	Período horário	até 6,9 kVA	acima de 6,9 kVA
Simples $\leq 2,3$ kVA		0,1422	-
Simples $> 2,3$ kVA		0,1652	0,1659
Bi-horária	Horas fora de vazio	0,1942	0,1981
	Horas de vazio	0,1014	0,1023
Tri-horária	Horas de ponta	0,2207	0,2247
	Horas de cheias	0,1737	0,1768
	Horas de vazio	0,1014	0,1023

*RRC art.119º, nº5

On the prices in the tables, VAT is charged at the rate in force.

Note: While the appropriate counter is not installed, will be deemed void energy, 40% of the total active power.

Tariff in force since January 2017, ERSE Directive 1/2017, of January 3

5.75 KVA is recommended for residences with 4 people

Expenses - Light, Water, Gas ...

EDP: Plan Gas + Electricity

- Gas - Category 2
- Electricity - Lisbon - 5.75 KVA

Gas

	Preço EDP	Desconto	Preço com desconto
Termo tarifário fixo (€/dia)	0,1054	5%	0,1001
Energia (€/kWh)	0,0610	5%	0,0580

Electricity

		Preço EDP	Desconto	Preço com desconto
Potência (€/dia)		0,2582	1%	0,2556
Energia (€/kWh)	Normal	0,1652	1%	0,1635

Expenses - Light, Water, Gas ...



Grupo Águas de Portugal

PREÇOS DE VENDA DE ÁGUA em Lisboa

Entrada em vigor em 1 de janeiro de 2017

2017

Água

Tipos de Clientes	Preço por metro cúbico (EUR)
Domésticos	
1º escalão - até 5 m³/30 dias	0,3253
2º escalão - de 6 a 15 m³/30 dias	0,7116
3º escalão - de 16 a 25 m³/30 dias	1,6749
4º escalão - mais de 25 m³/30 dias	2,1108
Tarifa Familiar da Água (agregados de 5 ou mais pessoas)	
1º escalão - Consumos menores ou iguais a 5m³/30dias	0,3253
2º escalão - Consumos obtidos pela diferença entre o resultado da aplicação da fórmula $[n^\circ \times 3,6 \text{ m}^3/30 \text{ dias} + 2 \text{ em que } n^\circ \text{ é igual ao n}^\circ \text{ de pessoas do agregado familiar}]$ e os consumos iguais a 5m³/30dias faturados no primeiro escalão da Tarifa Familiar da Água	0,6241
3º escalão - Consumos que excedem o resultado da aplicação da fórmula $[n^\circ \times 3,6 \text{ m}^3/30 \text{ dias} + 2 \text{ em que } n^\circ \text{ é igual ao n}^\circ \text{ de pessoas do agregado familiar}]$	1,6749
Domésticos transitóriamente não sujeitos a escalões	1,2624
Tarifa Social da Água	
Consumos até 15 m³/30 dias	0,3253
Consumos de 16 a 25 m³/30 dias	1,6749
Consumos superiores a 25 m³/30 dias	2,1108
Tarifa da Água para Instalações centralizadas de aquecimento de águas sanitárias	0,7116
Não Domésticos	
Consumo comercial, industrial, agrícola, Estado e outras pessoas coletivas de direito público e profissões liberais	1,6749
Instituições Privadas de Interesse Público	1,2624

Acresce IVA à taxa legal de 6%

Quota de Serviço	valores mensais / EUR	
Calibre do Contador	Clientes Domésticos	Clientes Não Domésticos
Até 15 mm	4,75	11,50
20 mm	5,69	19,16
25 mm	5,69	28,73
30 mm	26,80	40,21
40 mm	45,96	68,95
50 mm	70,21	105,35
65 mm	116,17	174,32
80 mm	173,62	260,51
100 mm	268,08	402,26
150 mm	593,58	890,72
200 mm	1046,75	1570,74
250 mm	1627,58	2442,32
300 mm	2336,06	3505,45

Acresce IVA à taxa legal de 6%

Tarifa Social da Água: Os beneficiários desta tarifa têm um desconto correspondente ao preço da Quota de Serviço prevista para os Clientes Domésticos com um contador de calibre igual a 15 mm.

Adicional C.M. Lisboa 0,1211 EUR/m³

www.epal.pt

The national legal documents referenced here are available on the Diário da República website, the legal documents are available in the EUR-Lex Database, the ERSAR recommendations are available on ERSAR and other information in the Portuguese Environment Agency.



Expenses

Average final household consumption expenditure:

Total and by type of goods and services

Fonte: IBGE

Anos	Despesas de consumo final das famílias por tipo de bem e serviços										
	Total	Alimentação, bebidas e tabaco	Vestidário e calçado	Habitação, água, energia elétrica, gás e outros combustíveis	Mobiliário, artigos de decoração, equipamento doméstico e manutenção corrente de habitação	Saúde	Transportes e comunicações	Lazer, recreação e cultura	Educação	Restaurantes e hotéis	Bens e serviços diversos
1995	17.626,1	3.886,5	1.236,8	2.263,7	1.150,2	704,0	3.035,6	1.411,3	167,1	1.670,0	1.781,9
1996	18.211,7	3.953,0	1.256,6	2.359,6	1.247,7	805,5	3.213,4	1.486,6	167,5	1.934,9	1.829,8
1997	18.269,6	4.062,1	1.316,7	2.489,1	1.311,7	869,1	3.565,8	1.560,6	264,0	2.050,0	1.939,9
1998	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1999	21.695,3	4.546,8	1.437,8	2.675,8	1.482,8	961,2	4.263,0	1.791,4	216,2	2.293,7	2.256,6
2000	23.279,6	4.665,7	1.516,6	2.805,0	1.500,0	1.036,4	4.563,9	1.934,4	241,8	2.473,4	2.440,3
2001	24.218,8	4.961,1	1.561,1	3.034,4	1.595,5	1.048,0	4.646,8	1.965,3	255,6	2.626,9	2.516,3
2002	25.145,9	5.125,2	1.696,1	3.269,3	1.690,0	1.116,6	4.679,7	1.969,3	267,5	2.718,7	2.595,0
2003	25.405,3	5.233,3	1.674,2	3.483,0	1.677,4	1.196,0	4.539,2	1.954,8	275,0	2.677,5	2.726,8
2004	26.260,2	5.302,9	1.712,8	3.690,9	1.663,8	1.204,5	4.882,9	1.975,7	286,9	2.904,3	2.863,6
2005	27.401,7	5.306,6	1.750,1	3.905,8	1.735,1	1.254,3	5.115,6	2.112,6	305,2	2.904,4	3.009,0
2006	28.443,8	5.526,6	1.844,8	4.076,7	1.766,2	1.396,4	5.171,7	2.126,3	316,9	3.010,9	3.217,4
2007	30.080,8	5.670,4	1.882,2	4.351,5	1.949,5	1.423,9	5.486,0	2.163,2	325,0	3.100,4	3.799,7
2008	30.003,6	5.801,3	1.677,2	4.597,8	1.967,8	1.504,8	5.418,2	2.181,4	350,0	3.110,8	4.055,5
2009	28.302,6	5.716,1	1.780,8	4.765,7	1.755,5	1.533,1	4.039,8	2.063,3	377,1	3.095,1	3.540,1
2010	30.406,6	5.751,4	1.854,3	5.030,5	1.776,4	1.638,7	5.120,7	2.066,9	389,9	3.216,6	3.613,6
2011	429.463,0	45.889,2	11.742,7	45.086,8	11.862,6	11.472,9	44.767,6	11.960,5	4419,3	13.120,7	43.440,7
2012	28.381,2	5.847,8	1.599,6	5.275,6	1.403,8	1.412,2	4.254,8	1.844,9	387,6	3.107,8	3.157,3
2013	28.408,6	5.968,9	1.667,7	5.413,3	1.482,9	1.436,7	4.061,3	1.735,7	369,6	3.098,8	3.165,8
2014	28.937,8	5.918,5	1.603,5	5.576,3	1.480,0	1.407,9	4.263,7	1.731,7	361,7	3.296,2	3.092,2

Fonte: IBGE, PN: POPI-DA
Última atualização: 2016-09-26
Último acesso: 2016-09-26

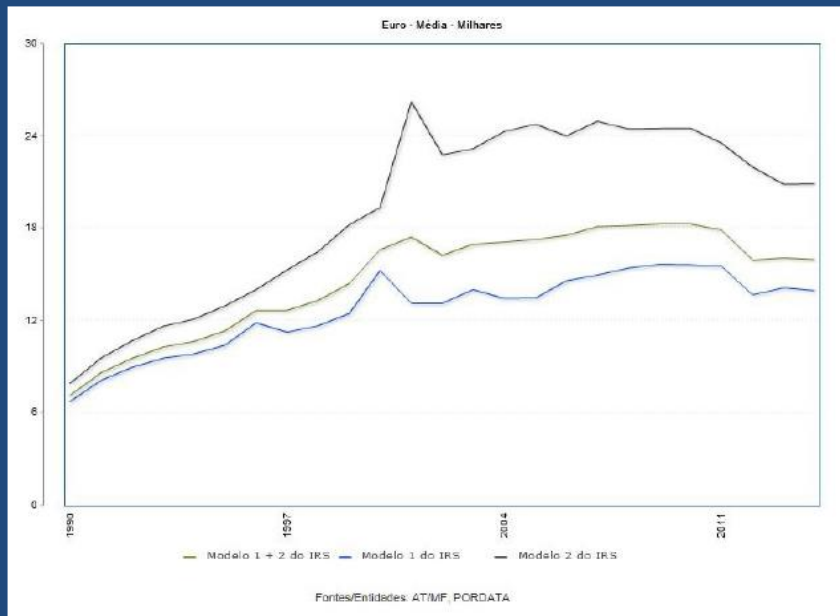
2014	28.937,8	5.918,5	1.803,5	5.576,3	1.486,0
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1.407,9	4.263,7	1.731,7	361,7	3.296,2	3.092,2
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Expenses

Average gross income of households by IRS Model

Total gross income earned by households in the calendar year / Number of households in the calendar year (Jan - Dec)



Euro - Média - Milhares

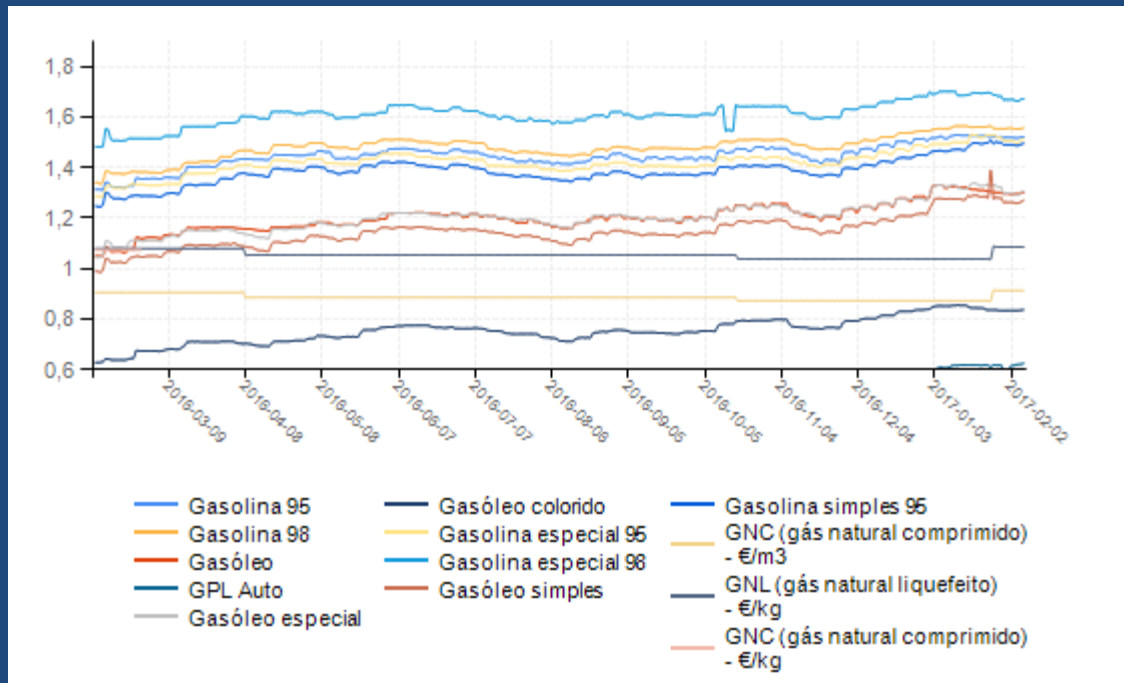
Anos	Valor médio do rendimento bruto por agregado		
	Modelo 1 + 2 do IRS	Modelo 1 do IRS	Modelo 2 do IRS
1990	7,1	6,7	7,9
1991	8,6	8,1	9,6
1992	9,5	9,0	10,7
1993	10,3	9,6	11,6
1994	10,7	9,8	12,1
1995	11,3	10,4	12,9
1996	12,6	11,9	14,0
1997	12,7	11,2	15,3
1998	13,3	11,7	16,5
1999	14,4	12,4	18,2
2000	16,6	15,3	19,3
2001	17,4	13,1	26,2
2002	16,2	13,1	22,8
2003	17,0	14,0	23,1
2004	17,1	13,4	24,3
2005	17,3	13,5	24,8
2006	17,5	14,6	24,0
2007	18,1	15,0	24,9
2008	18,2	15,4	24,4
2009	18,3	15,7	24,5
2010	18,3	15,6	24,5
2011	17,9	15,5	23,5
2012	15,9	13,7	22,0
2013	16,1	14,1	20,8
2014	16,0	13,9	20,9

Fontes/Entidades: AT/MF, PORDATA
Última actualização: 2016-10-04
Última actualização: 2016-10-04

Expenses

Variation in the
price of fuels
(liberalized market)

	Combustível	Preço	N.º Postos
	Gasóleo	1.297 €	267
	Gasóleo colorido	0.835 €	913
	Gasóleo de aquecimento	1.075 €	103
	Gasóleo especial	1.299 €	1617
	Gasóleo simples	1.264 €	2235
	Gasolina 95	1.519 €	203
	Gasolina 98	1.556 €	647
	Gasolina aditivada	1.619 €	8
	Gasolina de mistura (motores a 2 tempos)	1.963 €	133
	Gasolina especial 95	1.507 €	734
	Gasolina especial 98	1.669 €	760
	Gasolina simples 95	1.491 €	2219
	GNC (gás natural comprimido) - €/kg	1.074 €	2
	GNC (gás natural comprimido) - €/m3	0.913 €	4
	GNL (gás natural liquefeito) - €/kg	1.085 €	4
	GPL Auto	0.602 €	284



Evolution of Fuel
Prices in the last 12
months

Taxable income

Those who earn up to just over 20,261 euros a year fail to pay, as early as January, the IRS surcharge. The measure impacting the first two IRS levels is expected to benefit about 1.2 million households.

Those who are in the third tier, earning annually between 20.261 and 40.522 euros only get rid of the surcharge in the middle of the year. Whoever earns over 40,522 euros per year will continue to withhold the surcharge until November.

The national minimum wage rises in January to **557 euros**. The increase will impact nearly 650,000 workers. To accompany this movement is still a reduction for employers in the order of 1.25 percentage points.

Taxable income

Pensions will also increase in 2017. In January, following the inflation line, all pensions up to 838 euros will increase 0.5%. Those who receive up to € 631 in retirement will have a 10-euro pension increase in August. Those who receive less than the 263 euros of retirement will be increased by 6 euros.

In the family allowance there will also be news. In some cases, the benefit increases to double and the income step 4 is restored. The Government guarantees that the replacement will benefit 30,000 children.

Family allowance

The family allowance is awarded to children and young people up to the age of 16 - or to 24 if the beneficiary is studying at certain levels of education. In the case of the new fourth step, children up to 36 months are covered. However, this benefit depends on the family's income, which means that not all households are entitled. From the outset, families with 101 thousand euros of furniture assets are excluded. Then look at the household's annual income set - wages, pensions, capital or property income, etc. - and divide it by the number of children entitled to the allowance, plus one. In a family with two children, for example, the division is by three.

Family allowance

Thus, a family with a child with an annual income of only 5,000 euros (about 357 euros per month) falls within the first step - this threshold has a ceiling of 0.5 IAS (2,934.5 euros) and as the calculation Of the allowance considers in this case two children, the income of the household is divided by two, being within the limit.

Escalões		2016	1º sem 2017*	2º sem 2017*
1º	Até 12 meses	145,69€	145,69€	145,69€
	Entre 12 e 36 meses	36,42€	54,63€	72,85€
	Mais de 36 meses	36,42€	36,42€	36,42€
2º	Até 12 meses	120,26€	120,26€	120,26€
	Entre 12 e 36 meses	30,07€	45,10€	60,13€
	Mais de 36 meses	30,07€	30,07€	30,07€
3º	Até 12 meses	94,61€	94,61€	94,61€
	Entre 12 e 36 meses	27,21€	38,44€	49,68€
	Mais de 36 meses	27,21€	27,21€	27,21€
4º	Até 36 meses	-	9,41€	18,82€

(*valores de 2016, a atualizar em 2017) Notas: Nos agregados com duas crianças, as que têm mais de 12 meses recebem o abono de família em duplicado até fazerem três anos. Em famílias com três ou mais crianças, as que têm mais de 12 meses recebem o abono de família em triplicado até fazerem três anos. Nas famílias monoparentais, o montante é majorado em 35% do valor do subsídio e respetivas majoração e bonificação.

Quem tem direito a abono de família: se vai pedir o abono em 2017

Rendimento anual da família

Escalões	Se tiver 1 filho*	Se tiver 2 filhos*	Se tiver 3 filhos*	Se tiver 4 filhos*
1º	Até 5.869,08 De 5.869,08	Até 8.803,62 De 8.803,62	Até 11.738,16 De 11.738,16	Até 14.672,7 De 14.672,7
2º	a 11.738,16 De 11.738,16	a 17.607,24 De 17.607,24	a 23.476,32 De 23.476,32	a 29.345,4 De 29.345,4
3º	a 17.607,24 De 17.607,24	a 26.410,86 De 26.410,86	a 35.214,48 De 35.214,48	a 44.018,1 De 44.018,1
4º	a 29.345,4 De 29.345,4	a 44.018,1 De 44.018,1	a 58.690,8 De 58.690,8	a 73.363,5 De 73.363,5

Rendimento mensal da família

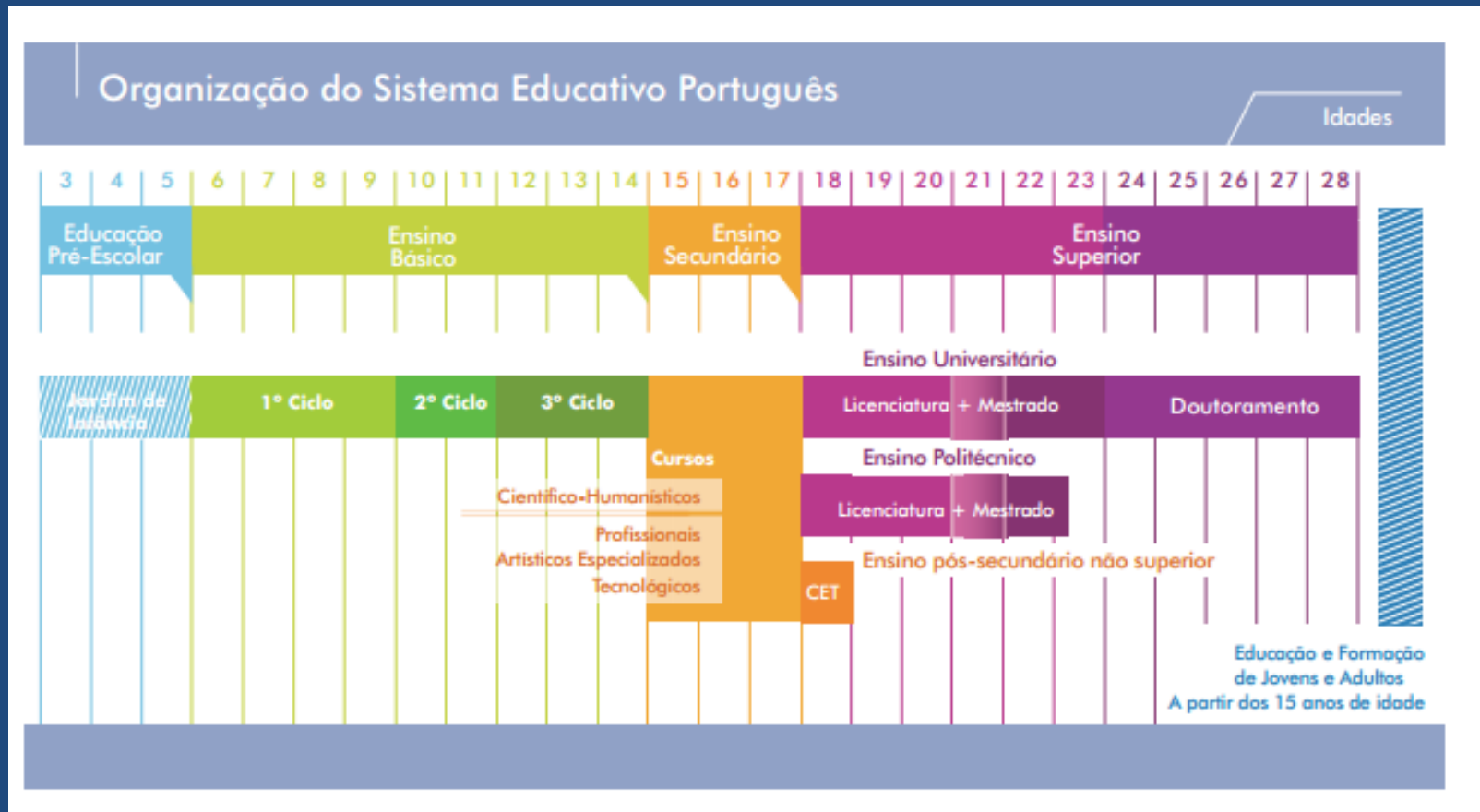
Escalões	Se tiver 1 filho*	Se tiver 2 filhos*	Se tiver 3 filhos*	Se tiver 4 filhos*
1º	Até 419,22 De 419,22	Até 628,83 De 628,83	Até 838,44 De 838,44	Até 1.048,05 De 1.048,05
2º	a 838,44 De 838,44	a 1.257,66 De 1.257,66	a 1.676,88 De 1.676,88	a 2.096,1 De 2.096,1
3º	a 1.257,66 De 1.257,66	a 1.886,49 De 1.886,49	a 2.515,32 De 2.515,32	a 3.144,15 De 3.144,15
4º	a 2.096,1 De 2.096,1	a 3.144,15 De 3.144,15	a 4.192,2 De 4.192,2	a 5.240,25 De 5.240,25

*com direito a abono de família

Education

Public versus Private School

Education levels



Education

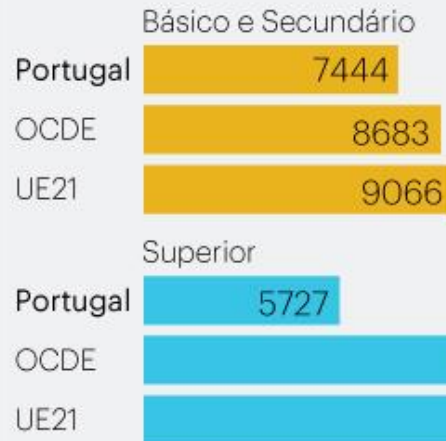
Public School

Cost to families

Estado gasta menos, famílias pagam mais

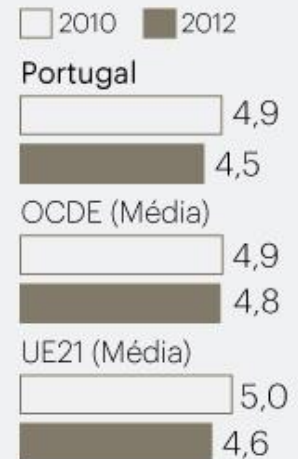
Despesa por estudante no ensino público

Em 2014, em dólares convertidos usando a paridade do poder de compra



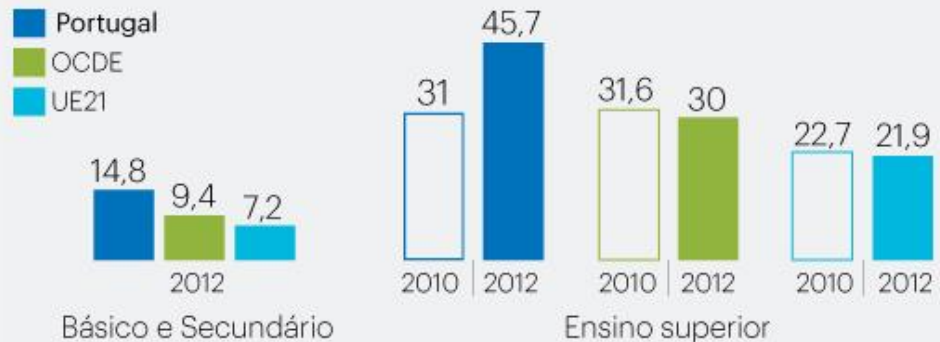
Despesa total pública na Educação

Em % do PIB



Despesa suportada pelas famílias e outros privados na educação

Em %



Education

Public School

Cost to families



Portuguese families spend 455 euros on return to classes, corresponding to clothing and footwear (78%), sports articles (55%) and education expenses (46%).

Portuguese parents spend, on average, 20 euros a week for their children to spend in class time (for food, stationery and other expenses). The majority (25%) will give children up to 10 euros a week, very close to those who will give a weekly between 11 and 20 euros (24%).

Education

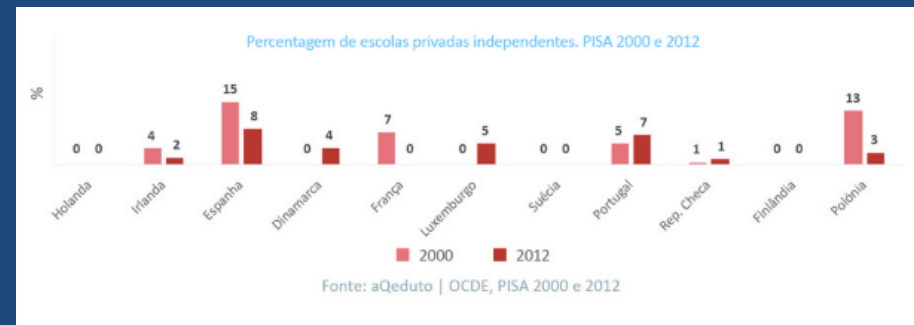


Private school

Although they follow the National Education Plan, they have their own rules and regulations.

While private schools better prepare students for exams, training in public education enhances students' success in higher education. The conclusions are from a study of the University of Porto, which followed the academic course of 4280 students.

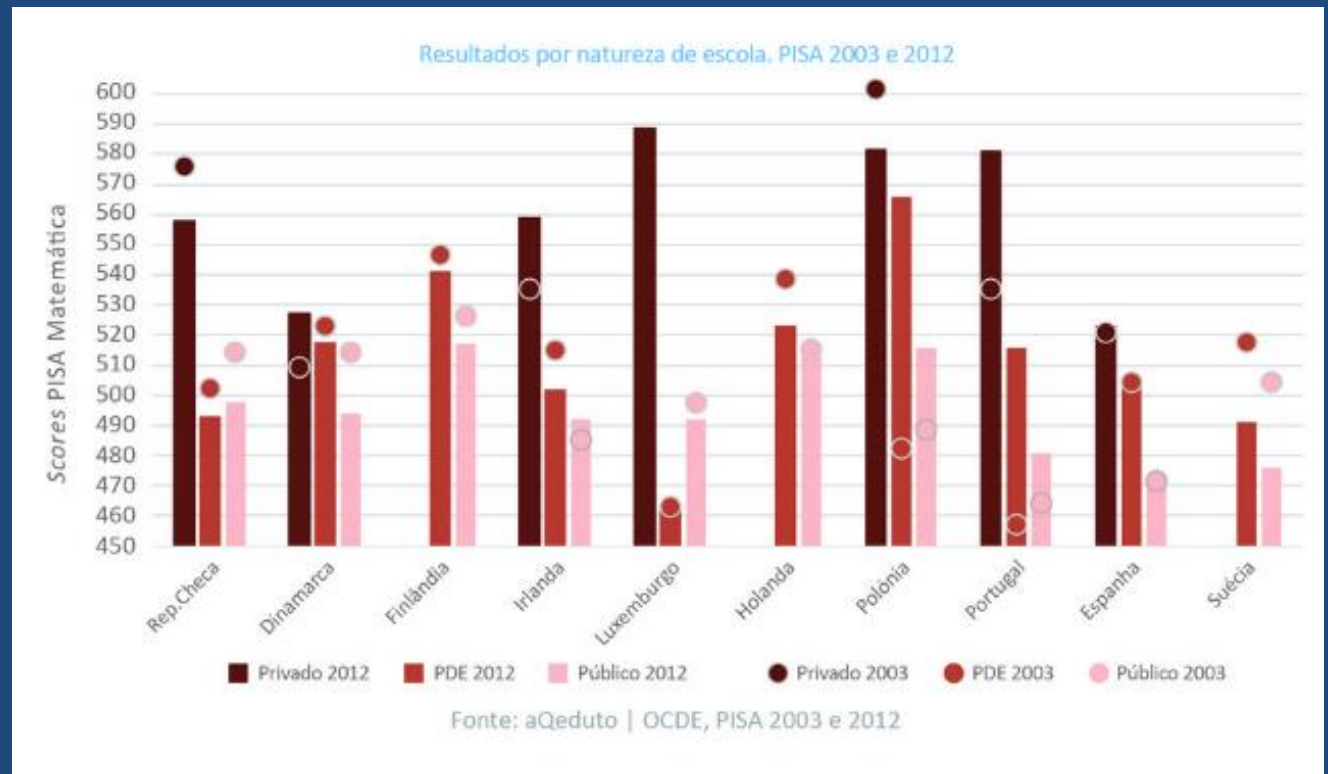
It is in Portugal that the public school and the private school dependent on the State serve a greater heterogeneity of social classes, being that the private, independent, school is exclusively attended by students of high social classes.



Education

Private school

Results obtained



Education

Private school

There are a number of international schools in Lisbon.

Below are the names and details of some of the most recognized.



- Carlucci American International School of Lisbon: A medium English school that caters to children between 3 and 18 years of age;
- International Preparatory School: an English school that follows the UK curriculum;
- St. Dominics International School: An average English school that follows an international curriculum and IB;
- St. Julians British International School: Offers UK, GSCE, IGCSE, IB curriculum. Aimed at students between 3-18 years of age;
- Lycée Français Charles Lepierre: The school of French that follows the French curriculum;
- Deutsche Schule Lissabon: Offers German education in accordance with the German curriculum;
- Luso-Swiss College, is composed of students of both sexes. The faculty consists of 3 Teachers, 3 Educators, 2 Language Teachers (English and German) and 1 Physical Education Teacher. The non-teaching staff consists of 6 Watchmen, 1 Cook, 3 Kitchen Assistants, 3 Maids and 1 Maid, bilingual education;
- The Spanish Institute of Lisbon, the Institute has chosen as a project for the whole center, from Infant to Baccalaureate, to work around the Tagus as a link between Lisbon, Portugal and Spain. Part of this project is a special collaboration with Camões Secondary School in Lisbon, an institution with which we share various activities.

Education

Private school

Schools are opting for more competitive prices, which include teaching and extracurricular activities.

The values are between € 300 and € 500 in Portuguese and bilingual education such as St. Julian's College in Carcavelos, which can reach 17 thousand euros - out of the price of jewelry, tuition and food - the English college Of São Julião is the most expensive in the country, but this does not prevent it from having a waiting list that reaches three years.



Leisure

Coastline and Beaches

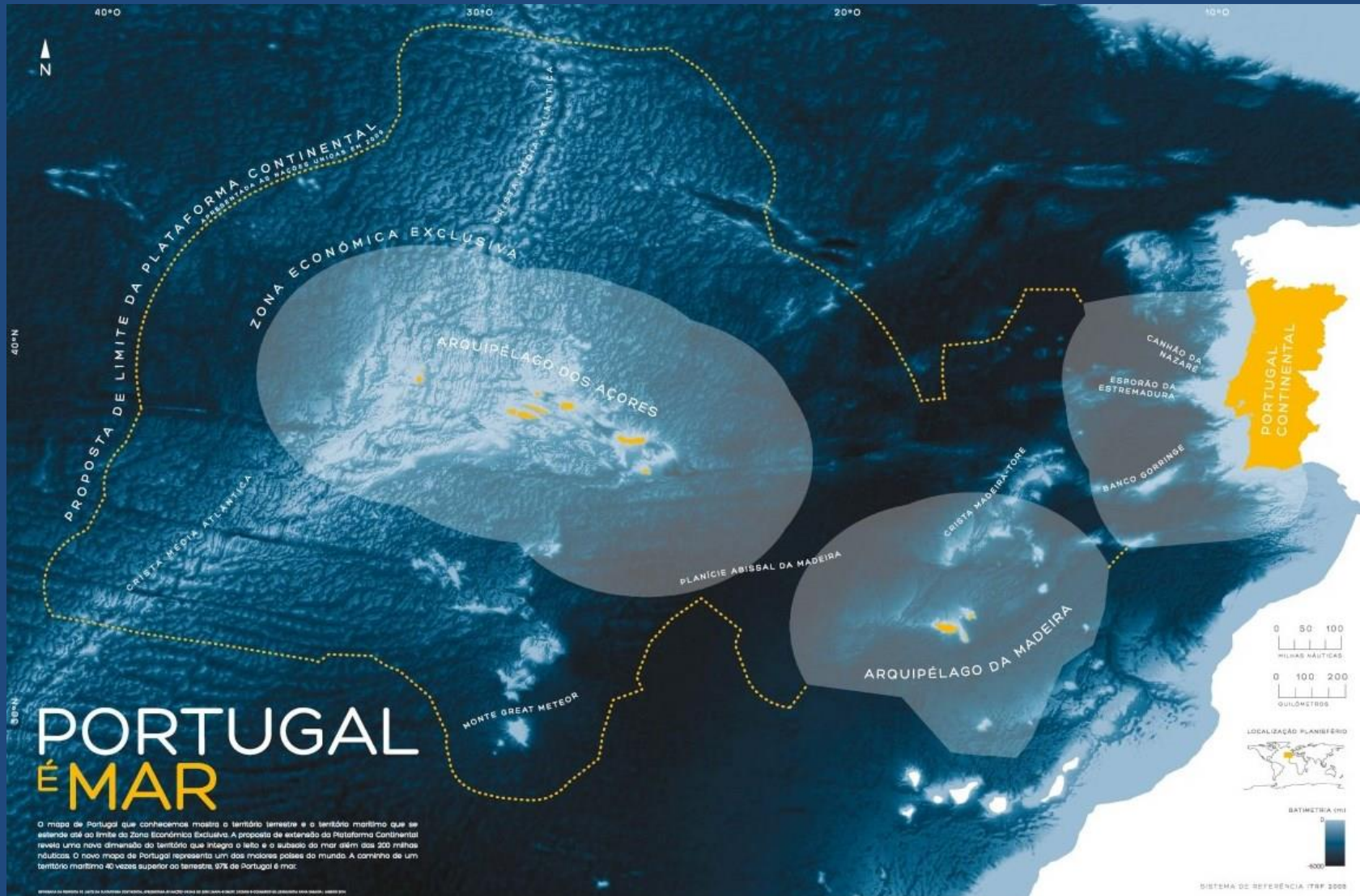


Leisure

The Portuguese coast is extensive: it has 943 km in mainland Portugal, 667 km in the Azores, 250 km in Madeira where they also include the Desertas Islands, the Selvagens Islands and the Island of Porto Santo. The coast has beautiful beaches, with a variety of cliffs and sandy beaches. On the Island of Porto Santo a formation of dunes of organic origin (unlike the mineral origin of the Portuguese mainland coast) with about 9 km is a tourist point very appreciated internationally. An important feature on the Portuguese coast is the Ria de Aveiro, estuary of the river Vouga, near the city of Aveiro, 45 km long and a maximum of 11 km wide, rich in fish and seabirds. There are four canals, and among these several islands and islets, and it is where four rivers meet the ocean. With the formation of coastal cords, a lagoon was defined as one of the most striking hydrographic elements of the Portuguese coast. Portugal has one of the largest exclusive economic zones (EEZs) in Europe, covering about 1 683 000 km².

Leisure

Coastline and Beaches



Leisure

Coastline and Beaches

Along more than 850 kilometers, the Portuguese coast has so many beaches of fine white sand that it is almost impossible to count them. All bathed in the Atlantic Ocean and all different, are places of a beauty difficult to describe, so nothing better than come discover them.

The best known are the Algarve. With three thousand hours of sunshine a year and tepid waters, along 200kms there are beaches to suit all tastes and many dream resorts. Of the sand beaches to lose sight of the small ones nestled by cut rocks, the brand image of the region, there are multiple options that accompany a clear and quiet sea, ideal for the practice of various water sports.

Sagres, in the extreme southwest of the European continent, marks the transition. It is located on the Costa Vicentina that with the southwest Alentejo constitute one of the best preserved stretches of the European coast. Here there are deserted beaches of wild beauty where we can enjoy a unique contact with nature. And near Sines begins an areal that stretches over over 60kms only ending in Troia, a challenge for hiking enthusiasts!

Leisure

Coastline and Beaches

Already the beaches of the Costa da Caparica are very dear of the lisboetas, that around the capital have varied options for sun bathing and sea. From the Estoril line, cosmopolitan with golden age marks in which it was a refuge of kings and nobility, to the demure beaches of the idyllic zone of Sintra, the variety is great. And the sea has the perfect wave for surfing, which has the maximum exponent a little further north on the beaches of Ericeira, Peniche and Nazaré.

In the center, there are very wide sandy beaches, to which the artisanal fishing adds a colorful picturesque. And further north, the cooler waters and the invigorating sea are tempered by the hospitable environment and by the good airs of the mountains and the forests. And we still have the islands. If in the archipelago of Madeira stands the long golden sand of the island of Porto Santo with therapeutic properties, in the Azores we find sands of black color with volcanic origin, framed by all the shades of green of a preserved nature.

Leisure

Coastline and Beaches

With all these differences there is a common feature - quality. Safe and with a wide range of support and fun services that guarantee all the needs of the users, a great number of Portuguese beaches receive every year the blue flag of Europe, an award that proves its excellent conditions.

Another award that many of our beaches are proud to display is the affordable beach. This is how they are identified those who have access for people with difficulties of locomotion, many of them providing even equipment that allow everyone to enjoy the sea baths.

Total de Praias com Bandeira Azul em 2016	314	
Total de Portos de Recreio e Marinas com Bandeira Azul em 2016	17	



Leisure

Coastline and Beaches

Already the beaches of the Costa da Caparica are very dear of the lisboetas, that around the capital have varied options for sun bathing and sea. From the Estoril line, cosmopolitan with golden age marks in which it was a refuge of kings and nobility, to the demure beaches of the idyllic zone of Sintra, the variety is great. And the sea has the perfect wave for surfing, which has the maximum exponent a little further north on the beaches of Ericeira, Peniche and Nazaré.

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Leisure

Mountain range



Leisure

Mountain range



Serra da Estrela



Douro Valley



Serra do Gerês



Alentejo

Leisure

Golf



Leisure

Golf

From fresh mountain air in the north of the country to the beautiful beaches and fantastic climate of the Algarve, all visitors will be delighted by the fabulous golf courses set in truly inspiring natural settings, which are among the best in the world.

THERE ARE FOUR PORTUGUESE GOLF COURSES AMONG THE TOP 25 OF EUROPE

Monte Rei (Tavira), Oitavos Dunes (Cascais), Troia Golf (Troia) and Onyria Palmares (Lagos) are in the Top 25 of Europe's Best Golf Courses, a ranking compiled by Golf World magazine, -Brand. The fields occupy the 14th, 18th, 19th, 21st places, respectively.

In the Top 100 there are also other Portuguese courses: San Lorenzo (28°), Praia d'el Rey (29°), Penha Longa (32°), Oceânico Old (44°), Royal Óbidos (57°), Quinta do Lago Sul The Oceanico Faldo (89°), Quinta do Lago Norte (92°) and Aroeira I (100°).

Região	Localização	Campo de golfs
Paraná	Amarante	Golf de Amarante
Paraná	Capitão	Golf Clube do Itaipu
Paraná	Capitão	Opatão Golf Club
Paraná	Ponte de Lima	Atala Golf Clube de Lima
Paraná	Ponte de Marimbá	Estrela Golf Club
Paraná	Manduaçu	Clube de Golf de Manduaçu
Paraná	Mogi	Golf Country Mogi Palace
Paraná	Mossu	Golf Montebelo
Paraná	Ouratã	Ouratã Golf
Paraná	Araribá	Clube de Polo
Paraná	Itaipu	Itaipu Golf
Paraná	Itaipu	Lidoon Sports Club
Paraná	Caxambu	Clube de Marinho
Paraná	Chacara de Caputuba	Clube de Campo de Araribá
Paraná	Estrela	Estrela Golf
Paraná	Estrela	Academia Internacional de Golf Estrela Sul
Paraná	Órcica	Praia 1000 Bay Golf
Paraná	Palmeira	Clube de Marinho
Paraná	Pantufre	Golf de Pantufre
Paraná	Pão Azú	Campos de Golf Golden Eagle
Paraná	Silveira	Campos de Golf de Ponte Longa
Paraná	Silveira	Campos de Golf de Quinta de Itaipu
Paraná	Torre Velha	Golf de Mirante
Paraná	Gratidão	Tudo Golf
Paraná	Alfama	Campos de Golf Pina Golf
Paraná	Alfama	Sulamer Golf
Paraná	Almari	Fimbrado Alfo
Paraná	Almari	Clube de Lago
Paraná	Almari	Campos de Golf San Lorenzo
Paraná	Almari	Vila de Luto
Paraná	Alto	Alto Golf
Paraná	Canoas	Campos de Golf Greenbay
Paraná	Canoas	Campos de Golf Vila de Pina
Paraná	Canoas	Campos de Golf Vila de Mito
Paraná	Lagoa	Clube Palmeiras Golf
Paraná	Pontal	Golf de Pontal
Paraná	Marmora	Casalino Lagoa
Paraná	Marmora	Casalino Mirandou
Paraná	Marmora	Casalino Del Casar
Paraná	Marmora	Casalino Pina
Paraná	Marmora	Vila Sol
Paraná	Vila do Lago	Parque de Pina
Paraná	Itaipu	Clube de Golf Santa de Santa
Paraná	Itaipu	Palmeira Golf
Paraná	Ponte Santa	Ponte Santa Golf
Paraná	São Miguel	Campos de Golf de Redu
Paraná	São Miguel	Campos de Golf das Palmeiras
Paraná	Santa	Campos de Golf de São Santa

Sorry for the long presentations, but Portugal despite being a small country is very rich in diversity and attractions.

But I hope that you have aroused your curiosity and the desire to return.

Thank you and see you soon!



The background is a blue and white tile mural. It features two large sailing ships with multiple masts and sails, navigating through a sea with stylized waves. The ships are positioned on either side of the central text. The entire scene is framed by ornate, classical-style borders at the top and bottom, featuring acanthus leaves, scrolls, and floral motifs. The tiles themselves are square and have a slightly aged, textured appearance.

Mário Rebelo

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